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A VERSATILE SECONDARY BEAM FOR THE MESON AREA

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ABSTRACT

A new secondary beam design is outlined for the Meson M6 Beamlne that combines versatility with economy. The beamlne described will transport charged particles of either sign to 800 GeV/c and bring the beam to a focus in one of three potential experimental areas. The plan makes maximal use of existing civil construction.

INTRODUCTION

Adoption of the recent plan to target Tevatron primary proton beam north of the existing Meson Target Box demands new designs for the Meson Area secondary beams. The desire to have a simple magnetic switch that will bring the M6 beam to enter either of two side by side experimental areas near the present Multiparticle Spectrometer imposes additional constraints on a suitable M6 beam design. The present paper discusses one such design which has the capability to transport and focus the following classes of beams:

- a) Large longitudinal and transverse momentum acceptance secondary beams of either electric charge sign with central momentum up to 800 GeV/c.
- b) High momentum resolution beams of either electric charge sign with large transverse momentum acceptance and central momentum up to 800 GeV/c.
- c) Diffracted primary proton beams up to 1000 GeV in momentum. either electric charge sign with large transverse momentum acceptance and central momentum up to 800 GeV/c.

The relative secondary and primary beam energies for positive sign beams involve complicated considerations of primary beam dumping that will not be covered here. In general, however, any negative charge beam above about 100 GeV should be possible up to the 800 GeV limit.

Positive sign beams between $x_F=0.8$ and $x_F=1.0$ will be dominated by protons and require consideration on a case by case basis to avoid radiation safety problems as noted above. Above $P_0=800$ GeV, the dipole bending power will need to be increased and less favorable phase space acceptance may be necessary due to quadrupole saturation effects. With these disclaimers noted, we proceed to consider the beam optics and layout.

PHILOSOPHY

Once a given basic beam route has been chosen, and the acceptance in transverse momentum determined by the first quadrupole lenses, the rest of the optics in a long beam has a dizzying range of possibilities. The desire to maintain the achromiticity of the beam where bends are involved limits the choices somewhat, but beyond that, many possibilities exist.

A cost effective beam designer will select a beam design that uses a minimum number of magnets to accomplish his purpose and one which can be made to serve a range of uses with a minimum number of mechanical movements of beamline elements. In the ideal case no elements are moved, and all tuning is accomplished by changing the magnitudes and signs of magnet currents and/or the adjustment of remote controlled beam collimators.

The present design is one of these. It is not unique, and probably not fully optimized, but it serves as a benchmark against which other schemes can be measured. Two basic tunes are exhibited, both possible at any energy up to 800 GeV and both achievable without moving any magnet mechanically. The first, "Beam A," was designed to transmit a large flux of particles to an achromatic spot at either branch of a symmetrically located M6E or M6W experimental hall. It is probably the type that will be most in demand given the current trends in hadron physics. The second tune, "Beam B" was given a momentum dispersed intermediate focus in order to select a very small momentum bite and transmit this beam to either experiment. This beam will be typically an order of magnitude lower in intensity and could have one or more types of beam tagging incorporated in the later stages of the beam. In both Beam A and Beam B, the particular optics shown in Figures 1 and 2 are to some extent generic and can be changed within limits to achieve other needed conditions, again without mechanical movements.

The beam layout shown in Figures 3 and 4 reflects my desire to minimize the civil construction needed and therefore it makes maximum use of existing tunnels. The vertical motion of the beam is connected with the minimization of the flux of halo muons in experimental setups and seeks to eliminate potential site boundary muon flux problems. This subject is not addressed explicitly here.

Finally, the boundary condition that the present beam hit the existing Multiparticle Spectrometer was not imposed, partly because it is costly in magnets and partly because a new experimental hall is planned which can be built while the old beam and spectrometer run. The new beam could be implemented and the MPS relocated during a shutdown period of a few months.

OPTICS

The thin lens optical trace of Beam A is given in Fig. 1. The fact that all bends are made at or very near focii allow the beam be achromatic even with the large bends necessary. Doublet optics was chosen to minimize the number of quadrupoles needed.

No sextupole corrections have been included as these are necessary only in a very limited number of applications and could be incorporated later if an experimental demand materializes.

The final spot was arbitrarily made large horizontally and small vertically, but this can be varied to suit. The source spot size is the current expectation of the Switchyard/Extraction Group, based on SAVER beam optics at extraction.

All beam fitting was done using the program TRANSPORT¹ on the Fermilab CYBER computer. Copies of the TRANSPORT input parameters are available from the author to persons with a desire to discover other useful tunes. Determination of the final beam transport efficiency and phase plots were obtained by the ray tracing program TURTLE², also on the CYBER, and these input parameters are similarly available.

The beam parameters of Beams A and B are given in Table I and the list of optical elements in Table II. The flux vs. beam energy plot for secondary flux of both charge signs are shown as Fig. 5. Finally, the initial beam phase space distribution in x, y and $\Delta P/P$ for Beam A from TURTLE, as well as the final ones at the experimental targets are given in Figures 6-11. Figures 12 and 13 show the correlation plots for x and y vs. $\Delta P/P$ at the experiment. Note that second order effects have caused a small nonlinear achromaticity in the x coordinate. This could be minimized by further trial and error work with TRANSPORT and TURTLE. The x' and y' plots are not shown as they are trivially available by inspection from Fig. 1. Fig. 1 also shows the +1% central ray as a measure of the dispersion function through the transport.

TABLE I
PARAMETERS OF BEAMS A AND B

<u>Item</u>	<u>Beam A</u>	<u>Beam B</u>
Momentum Acceptance (FWHM)	3.5%	0.3%
Angular Acceptance, Horizontal	0.90 mr	0.38 mr
Angular Acceptance, Vertical	0.37 mr	0.88 mr
Solid Angle Acceptance	1.2 sr%	0.10 sr%
Momentum Tuning Range	800 GeV/c	800 GeV/c
No. Doubler Dipoles Needed	7	7
No. Quadrupoles Needed	22	22

TABLE II
OPTICAL LISTING FOR BEAMS A AND B

<u>Element</u> <u>kg/in)</u>	<u>Beam A</u> (kg or kg/in)	<u>Beam B</u> (kg or
	<u>@800 GeV</u>	<u>@800 GeV</u>
B1 (2 ea @Meson H Magnet)	17.5	17.5
Q1 (3 ea @3Q120)	+4.53	-3.94
Q2 (3 ea @3Q120)	-4.38	+2.97
B2 (2 ea @ES/D 21' Dipole)	30.8	30.8
Q3 (3 ea @3Q120)	-4.67	0.0
Q4 (3 ea @3Q120)	+3.80	0.0
B3 (2 ea @ES/D 21' Dipole)	34.6	34.6
Q5 (3 ea @3Q120)	+4.71	+4.10
Q6 (3 ea Q3Q120)	-4.67	-4.49
B5 (3 ea ES/D 21' Dipole)	36.2	36.2
Q7 (2 ea @4Q120)	+4.72	-5.28
Q8 (2 ea @4Q120)	-5.08	+4.98

The thin lens beam trace of Beam B is given in Fig. 2 and the analogous results for the properties of Beam B are shown in Tables I and II as well as in Figures 3, 4 and 12-20. Note, however, that the x and $\Delta P/P$ correlation plot is also given at the slit to show the dispersed focus. For the present run, the beam slit was set at a full width of 0.20 inches which passes a beam of only 0.3% FWHM.

Again, the final parameters were set to produce a small spot at the experiment, but other choices are clearly possible.

YIELDS

The particle yields shown in Fig. 5 come from a new computation and fitting of experimental data by A. J. Malensek³. These yields are probably the most accurate currently available.

REFERENCES

1. "TRANSPORT, A Computer Program for Designing Charged Particle Beam Transport Systems," K. L. Brown et al., SLAC-91, Rev 2, UC-28, May 1977.
2. "TURTLE, A Computer Program for Simulating Charged Particle Beam Transport Systems," David C. Carey, NAL-64,2041.000, PM9, May 1978.
3. "Empirical Formula for Thick Target Particle Production," A. J. Malensek, FERMILAB FN-341,2941.000, October 1981.

FIGURE CAPTIONS

- Figure 1 M6 Beam-Optics - Beam A
Figure 2 M6 Beam-Optics - Beam B
Figure 3 M6 Beam Route (800 GeV/c)
Figure 4 Meson Lab Layout For New M6 Beams
Figure 5 Hadron Yields For Beam 'A'
Figure 6 Beam A Source Horizontal Distribution
Figure 7 Beam A Source Vertical Distribution
Figure 8 Beam A Source Momentum Distribution
Figure 9 Beam A Experiment Spot, Horizontal
Figure 10 Beam A Experiment Spot, Vertical
Figure 11 Beam A Experiment, Momentum Distribution
Figure 12 Beam A, X vs $\Delta P/P$ at Experiment
Figure 13 Beam A, Y vs $\Delta P/P$ at Experiment
Figure 14 Beam B, Source Distribution, Vertical
Figure 15 Beam B, Source Distribution, Horizontal
Figure 16 Beam B, Source Momentum Distribution
Figure 17 Beam B, X vs $\Delta P/P$ at Momentum Slit
Figure 18 Beam B, Horizontal Distribution at Experiment
Figure 19 Beam B, Vertical Distribution at Experiment
Figure 20 Beam B, Momentum Distribution at Experiment
Figure 21 Beam B, X vs $\Delta P/P$ at Experiment
Figure 22 Beam B, Y vs $\Delta P/P$ at Experiment

M6 BEAM - OPTICS
'BEAM A'

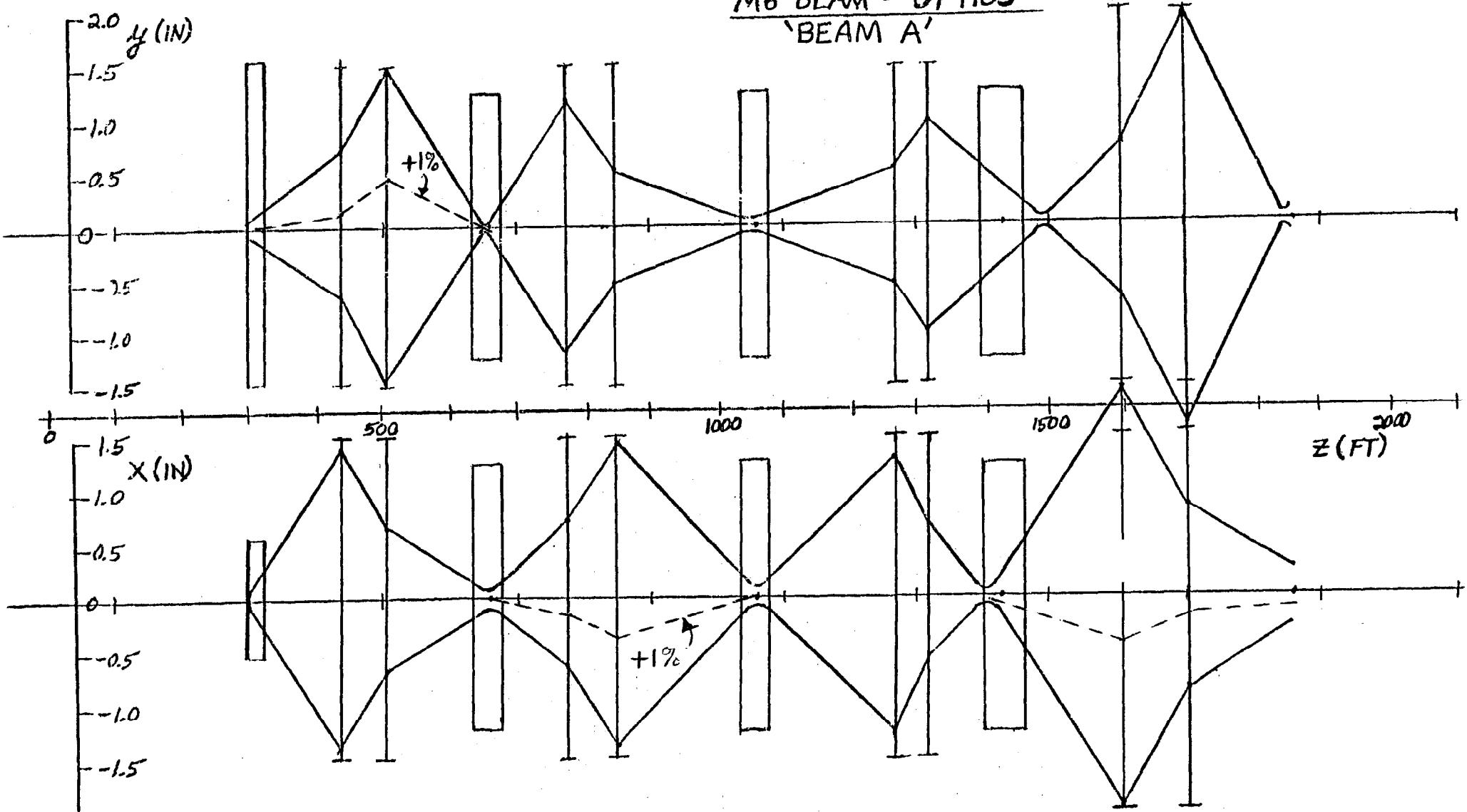


FIG 1

M6 BEAM - OPTICS
'BEAM B'

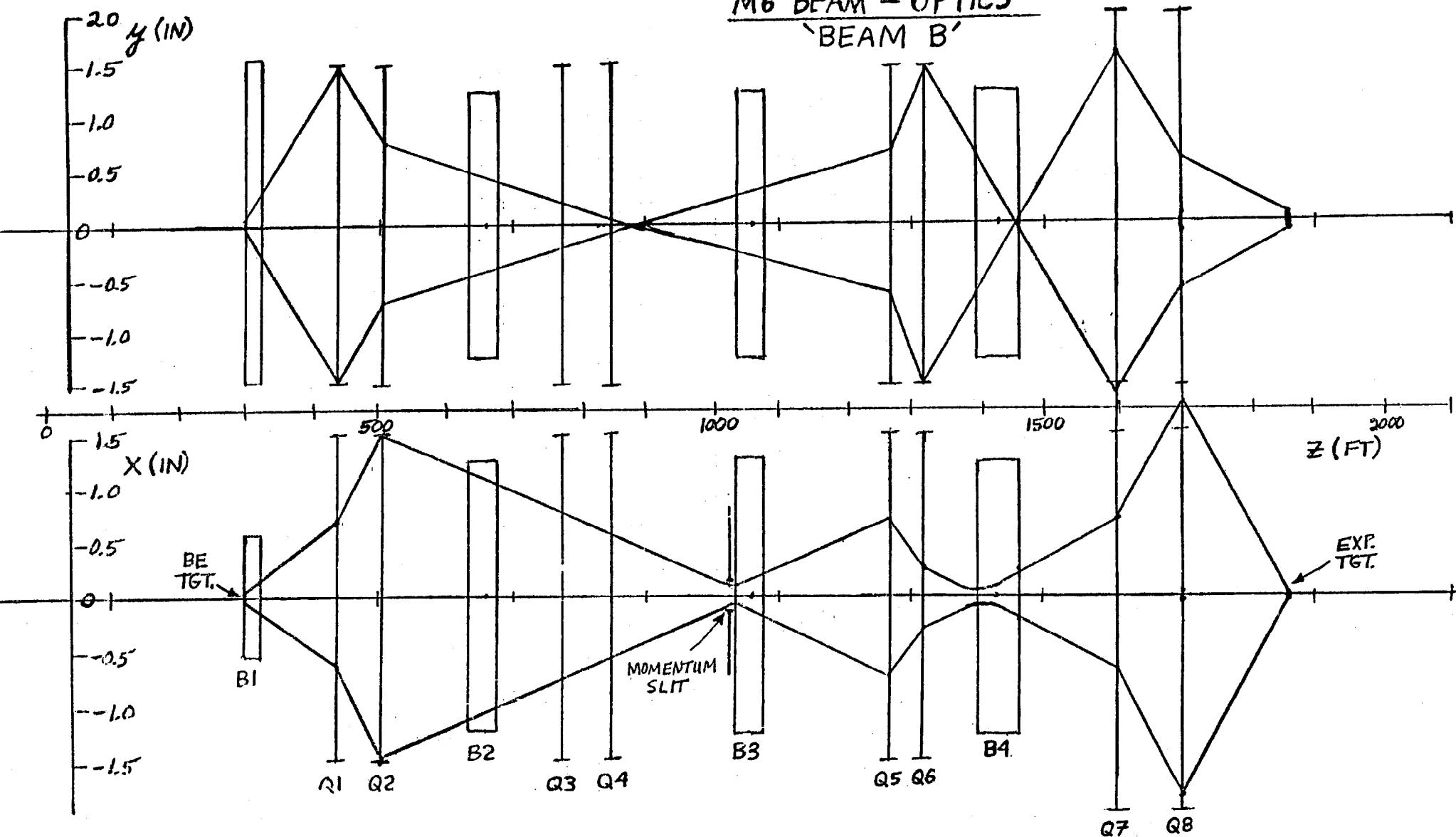


FIG 2

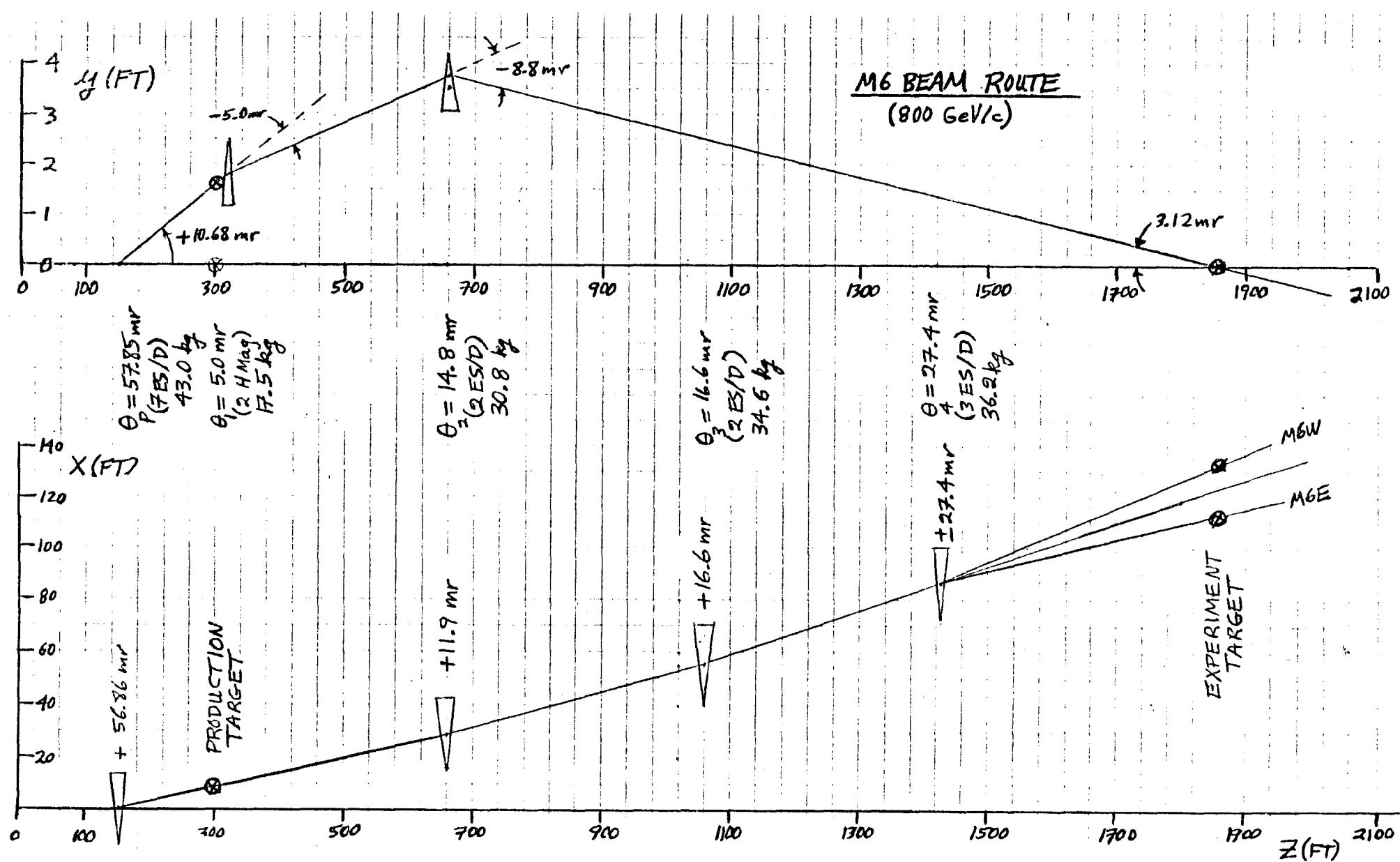


FIG 3

MESON LAB LAYOUT
FOR NEW M6
BEAMS

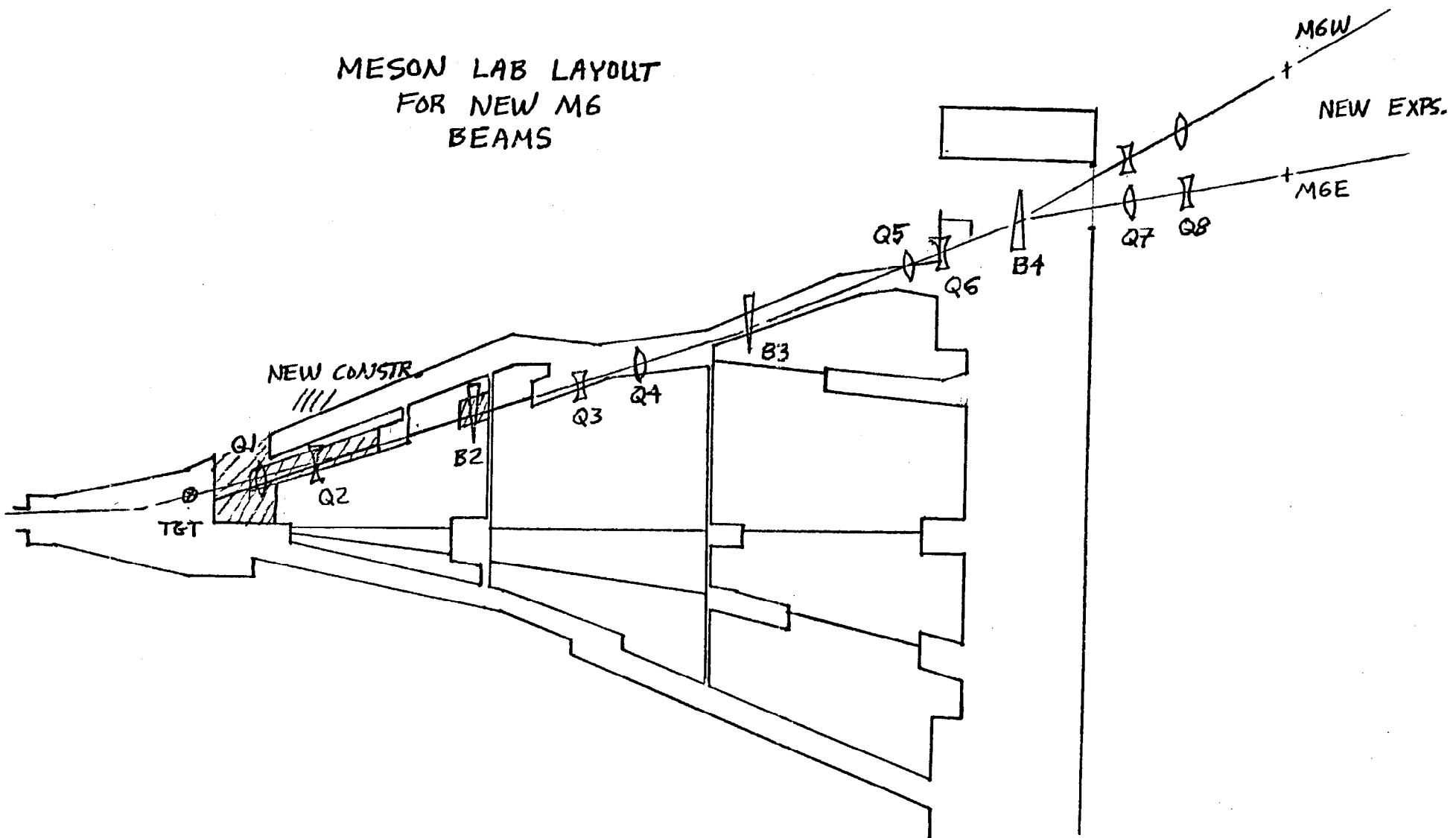


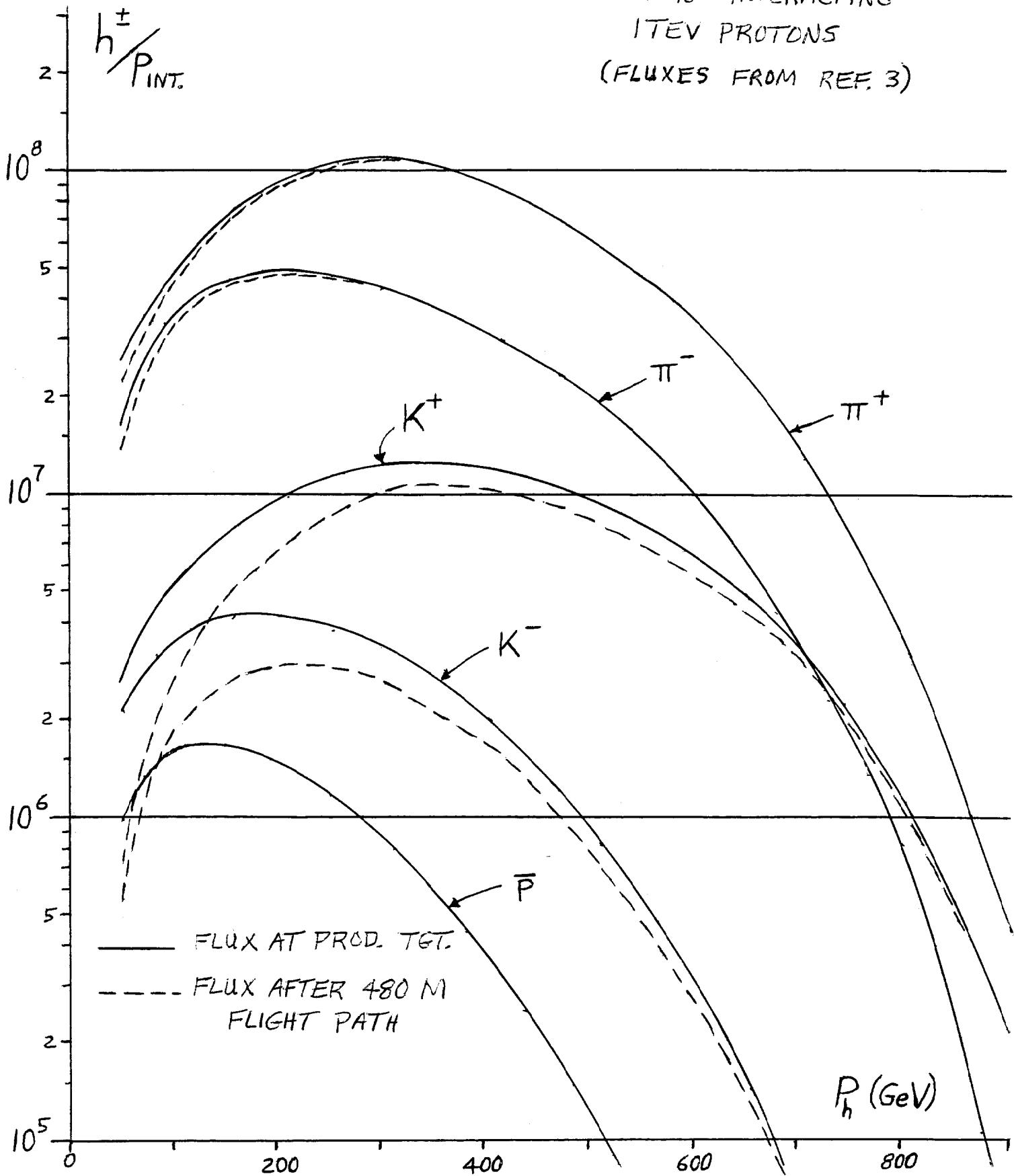
FIG 4

FIG 5

HADRON YIELDS FOR BEAM 'A'

FOR 10^{12} INTERACTING
1TeV PROTONS

(FLUXES FROM REF. 3)



THE FOLLOWING IS A HISTOGRAM OF X FOR 5000 RAYS

SCALE FACTOR: 100 X++S EQUAL 282 RAYS

INTERVAL

LESS THAN -.100

INTERVAL	RAY COUNT
-.100 TO -.095	0
-.095 TO -.090	0
-.090 TO -.085	0
-.085 TO -.080	0
-.080 TO -.075	0
-.075 TO -.070	0
-.070 TO -.065	0
-.065 TO -.060	0
-.060 TO -.055	82
-.055 TO -.050	133
-.050 TO -.045	163
-.045 TO -.040	160
-.040 TO -.035	204
-.035 TO -.030	217
-.030 TO -.025	232
-.025 TO -.020	263
-.020 TO -.015	258
-.015 TO -.010	270
-.010 TO -.005	259
-.005 TO .000	262
.000 TO .005	282
.005 TO .010	248
.010 TO .015	264
.015 TO .020	226
.020 TO .025	247
.025 TO .030	250
.030 TO .035	216
.035 TO .040	213
.040 TO .045	212
.045 TO .050	155
.050 TO .055	124
.055 TO .060	69
.060 TO .065	0
.065 TO .070	0
.070 TO .075	0
.075 TO .080	0
.080 TO .085	0
.085 TO .090	0
.090 TO .095	0
.095 TO .100	0

GREATERTHAN .100 0

CENTER = .000 RMS HALF WIDTH = .030

N3 1 OF X IN IN 0.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

BEAM A
SOURCE
HORIZ. DIST.

FIG 6

THE FOLLOWING IS A HISTOGRAM OF Y FOR 5000 RAYS

INTERVAL

SCALE FACTOR: 100 X++S EQUAL 551 RAYS

BEAM A

SOURCE VERT.
DISTR.

LESS THAN -.100 0

-.100 TO	-.095	0
-.095 TO	-.090	0
-.090 TO	-.085	0
-.085 TO	-.080	0
-.080 TO	-.075	0
-.075 TO	-.070	0
-.070 TO	-.065	0
-.065 TO	-.060	0
-.060 TO	-.055	0
-.055 TO	-.050	0
-.050 TO	-.045	0
-.045 TO	-.040	0
-.040 TO	-.035	0
-.035 TO	-.030	0
-.030 TO	-.025	196
-.025 TO	-.020	394
-.020 TO	-.015	401
-.015 TO	-.010	480
-.010 TO	-.005	539
-.005 TO	.000	504
.000 TO	.005	551
.005 TO	.010	490
.010 TO	.015	476
.015 TO	.020	427
.020 TO	.025	354
.025 TO	.030	188
.030 TO	.035	0
.035 TO	.040	0
.040 TO	.045	0
.045 TO	.050	0
.050 TO	.055	0
.055 TO	.060	0
.060 TO	.065	0
.065 TO	.070	0
.070 TO	.075	0
.075 TO	.080	0
.080 TO	.085	0
.085 TO	.090	0
.090 TO	.095	0
.095 TO	.100	0

CENTER = -.000 RMS HALF WIDTH = .015

2 OF Y IN IN 0.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

FIG 7

THE FOLLOWING IS A HISTOGRAM OF DP/P FOR 5000 RAYS

SCALE FACTOR: 100 X'S EQUAL 302 RAYS

INTERVAL	LESS THAN	0
-10.000	TO	-9.500
-9.500	TO	-9.000
-9.000	TO	-8.500
-8.500	TO	-8.000
-8.000	TO	-7.500
-7.500	TO	-7.000
-7.000	TO	-6.500
-6.500	TO	-6.000
-6.000	TO	-5.500
-5.500	TO	-5.000
-5.000	TO	-4.500
-4.500	TO	-4.000
-4.000	TO	-3.500
-3.500	TO	-3.000
-3.000	TO	-2.500
-2.500	TO	-2.000
-2.000	TO	-1.500
-1.500	TO	-1.000
-1.000	TO	-500
-500	TO	-0.000
0.000	TO	.500
.500	TO	1.000
1.000	TO	1.500
1.500	TO	2.000
2.000	TO	2.500
2.500	TO	3.000
3.000	TO	3.500
3.500	TO	4.000
4.000	TO	4.500
4.500	TO	5.000
5.000	TO	5.500
5.500	TO	6.000
6.000	TO	6.500
6.500	TO	7.000
7.000	TO	7.500
7.500	TO	8.000
8.000	TO	8.500
8.500	TO	9.000
9.000	TO	9.500
9.500	TO	10.000
REATER THAN	10.000	0

CENTER = -.677 RMS HALF WIDTH = 3.439

3 OF DP/P IN PC 0.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

BEAM A
SOURCE MOM.
DISTR.

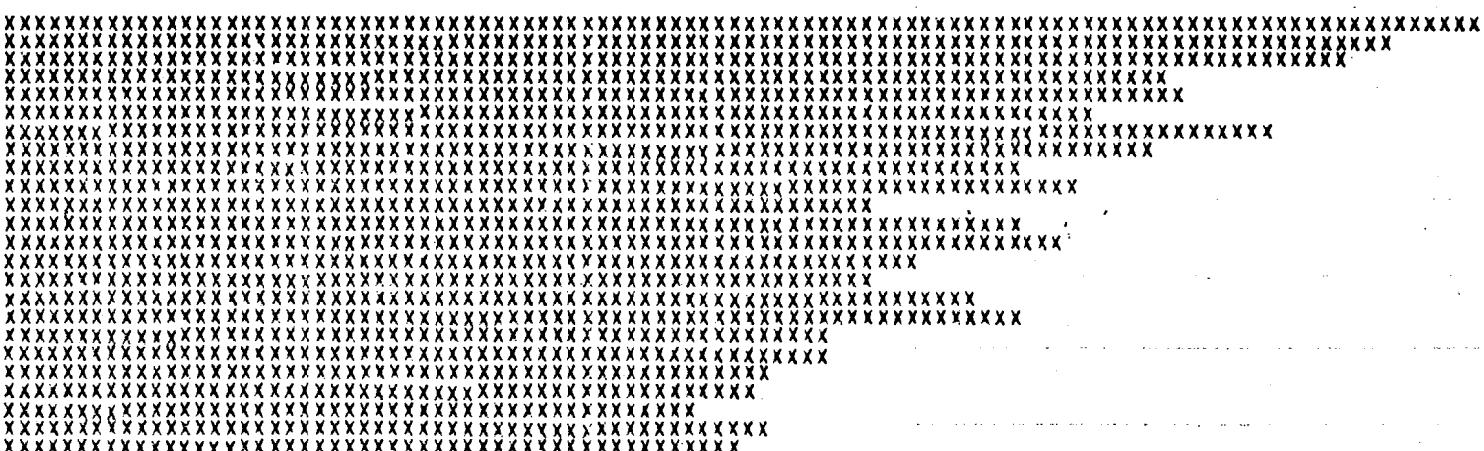


FIG 8

THE FOLLOWING IS A HISTOGRAM OF X FOR 973 RAYS

INTERVAL

SCALE FACTOR: 100 X'S EQUAL 164 RAYS

LESS THAN	X	RAY COUNT
-2.000	-2.000	0
-1.900	-1.900	0
-1.800	-1.800	0
-1.700	-1.700	0
-1.600	-1.600	0
-1.500	-1.500	0
-1.400	-1.400	0
-1.300	-1.300	0
-1.200	-1.200	0
-1.100	-1.100	1
-1.000	-1.000	3
-900	-900	4
-800	-800	13
-700	-700	16
-600	-600	40
-500	-500	35
-400	-400	57
-300	-300	97
-200	-200	135
-100	-100	164
000	000	135
100	100	80
200	200	90
300	300	41
400	400	21
500	500	17
600	600	10
700	700	5
800	800	4
900	900	4
1000	1000	1
1100	1100	0
1200	1200	0
1300	1300	0
1400	1400	0
1500	1500	0
1600	1600	0
1700	1700	0
1800	1800	0
1900	1900	0
2000	2000	0

GREATER THAN 2.000 0

CENTER = -.146 RMS HALF WIDTH = .304

I 31 OF X IN IN 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

BEAM A
 EXP. SPOT, HORIZ.

FIG 9

THE FOLLOWING IS A HISTOGRAM OF Y FOR 973 RAYS

SCALE FACTOR: 100 X'S EQUAL 571 RAYS

INTERVAL

LESS THAN -2.000

0

-2.000	TO	-1.900	0
-1.900	TO	-1.800	0
-1.800	TO	-1.700	8
-1.700	TO	-1.600	8
-1.600	TO	-1.500	0
-1.500	TO	-1.400	0
-1.400	TO	-1.300	0
-1.300	TO	-1.200	0
-1.200	TO	-1.100	0
-1.100	TO	-1.000	0
-1.000	TO	-900	0
-900	TO	-800	0
-800	TO	-700	0
-700	TO	-600	0
-600	TO	-500	0
-500	TO	-400	0
-400	TO	-300	0
-300	TO	-200	1
-200	TO	-100	15
-100	TO	.000	377
.000	TO	.100	571
.100	TO	.200	9
.200	TO	.300	0
.300	TO	.400	0
.400	TO	.500	0
.500	TO	.600	0
.600	TO	.700	0
.700	TO	.800	0
.800	TO	.900	0
.900	TO	1.000	0
1.000	TO	1.100	0
1.100	TO	1.200	0
1.200	TO	1.300	0
1.300	TO	1.400	0
1.400	TO	1.500	0
1.500	TO	1.600	0
1.600	TO	1.700	0
1.700	TO	1.800	0
1.800	TO	1.900	0
1.900	TO	2.000	0

GREATER THAN 2.000

0

CENTER = .005 RMS HALF WIDTH = .038

0 32 OF Y IN IN 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

BEAM A
EXP. SPOT, VERT.

FIG 10

THE FOLLOWING IS A HISTOGRAM OF DP/P FOR 973 RAYS

SCALE FACTOR: 100 X'S EQUAL 71 RAYS

INTERVAL	SS THAN	2	XX
-5.000 TO -4.750	-5.000	0	
-4.750 TO -4.500	-4.750	0	
-4.500 TO -4.250	-4.500	0	
-4.250 TO -4.000	-4.250	0	
-4.000 TO -3.750	-4.000	0	
-3.750 TO -3.500	-3.750	4	XXXXX
-3.500 TO -3.250	-3.500	2	XX
-3.250 TO -3.000	-3.250	5	XXXXXX
-3.000 TO -2.750	-3.000	3	XXXX
-2.750 TO -2.500	-2.750	11	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX
-2.500 TO -2.250	-2.500	5	XXXXXX
-2.250 TO -2.000	-2.250	10	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX
-2.000 TO -1.750	-2.000	14	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
-1.750 TO -1.500	-1.750	22	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
-1.500 TO -1.250	-1.500	14	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
-1.250 TO -1.000	-1.250	22	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
-1.000 TO -.750	-1.000	40	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
-.750 TO -.500	-.750	29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
-.500 TO -.250	-.500	41	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
-.250 TO -.000	-.250	51	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
-.000 TO .250	-.000	47	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
.250 TO .500	.250	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
.500 TO .750	.500	66	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
.750 TO 1.000	.750	56	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
1.000 TO 1.250	1.000	61	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
1.250 TO 1.500	1.250	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
1.500 TO 1.750	1.500	49	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
1.750 TO 2.000	1.750	67	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
2.000 TO 2.250	2.000	59	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
2.250 TO 2.500	2.250	41	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
2.500 TO 2.750	2.500	39	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
2.750 TO 3.000	2.750	22	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
3.000 TO 3.250	3.000	32	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
3.250 TO 3.500	3.250	12	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
3.500 TO 3.750	3.500	12	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
3.750 TO 4.000	3.750	4	XXXXX
4.000 TO 4.250	4.000	7	XXXXXXX
4.250 TO 4.500	4.250	3	XXXX
4.500 TO 4.750	4.500	0	
EATER THAN 5.000	5.000	0	

CENTER = .568 RMS HALF WIDTH = 1.543

33 OF DP/P IN PC 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

BEAM A
EXP., MOM. DISTR.

FIG-11

TWO DIMENSIONAL PLOT OF DP/P VS X

	-2.000	-1.000	0.000	1.000	2.000	TOTALS
-5.000 TO -4.500	1					0
-4.500 TO -4.000						0
-4.000 TO -3.500			11 1 2 1			6
-3.500 TO -3.000			1 211 1 11			8
-3.000 TO -2.500			14 24 221			16
-2.500 TO -2.000			2233133 122 2			24
-2.000 TO -1.500			135443263 3 11			36
-1.500 TO -1.000			3259A84665121			62
-1.000 TO -500			37D98C666			70
-500 TO 0			3AHCAPE61			98
0 TO 500			2IVTNV3			137
500 TO 1.000			27NR\$072			117
1.000 TO 1.500			6ENUL5			99
1.500 TO 2.000			235H\$TKH5			126
2.000 TO 2.500			8IKJ942			80
2.500 TO 3.000			128JA842			54
3.000 TO 3.500			214681 11			24
3.500 TO 4.000			1115 21			11
4.000 TO 4.500			12			3
4.500 TO 5.000						
	***	***	***	***	***	***
TOTALS	111					
	00000000134360577545001179544000000000000					971

BEAM A

X VS ΔP/P AT EXP.

TOTAL NUMBER OF ENTRIES = 973 INCLUDING UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW AS FOLLOWS

ACROSS	UNDERFLOW	OVERFLOW
DOWN	2	0

34 TWO DIMENSIONAL PLOT OF
X IN IN 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET
DP/P IN PC 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

FIG 12

TWO DIMENSIONAL PLOT OF DP/P VS Y

BEAM A

TOTAL NUMBER OF ENTRIES = 973 INCLUDING UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW AS FOLLOWS

	UNDERFLOW	OVERFLOW
ACROSS	0	0
DOWN	2	0

NO 35 TWO DIMENSIONAL PLOT OF
Y IN IN 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET
DP/P IN PC 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

FIG 13

THE FOLLOWING IS A HISTOGRAM OF Y FOR 5000 RAYS

SCALE FACTOR: 100 X's EQUAL 555 RAYS

INTERVAL	LESS THAN	Y
	- .100	0
- .100	TO	- .095
- .095	TO	- .090
- .090	TO	- .085
- .085	TO	- .080
- .080	TO	- .075
- .075	TO	- .070
- .070	TO	- .065
- .065	TO	- .060
- .060	TO	- .055
- .055	TO	- .050
- .050	TO	- .045
- .045	TO	- .040
- .040	TO	- .035
- .035	TO	- .030
- .030	TO	- .025
- .025	TO	1.96
- .020	TO	.379
- .015	TO	.420
- .010	TO	.472
- .005	TO	.540
.000	TO	.500
.005	TO	.555
.010	TO	.485
.010	TO	.471
.015	TO	.426
.020	TO	.364
.025	TO	.192
.030	TO	.035
.035	TO	.040
.040	TO	.045
.045	TO	.050
.050	TO	.055
.055	TO	.060
.060	TO	.065
.065	TO	.070
.070	TO	.075
.075	TO	.080
.080	TO	.085
.085	TO	.090
.090	TO	.095
.095	TO	.100

GREATER THAN .100 0

CENTER = -.000 RMS HALF WIDTH = .015

NO 2 OF Y IN IN 0,000 FT FROM THE TARGET

BEAM B
SOURCE DIST., VERT.

FIG 14

THE FOLLOWING IS A HISTOGRAM OF X FOR 5000 RAYS

SCALE FACTOR: 100 X'S EQUAL 280 RAYS

INTERVAL

LESS THAN	X	RAY COUNT
-1.00 TO	-.100	0
-.895 TO	-.095	0
-.890 TO	-.090	0
-.885 TO	-.085	0
-.880 TO	-.080	0
-.875 TO	-.075	0
-.870 TO	-.070	0
-.865 TO	-.065	0
-.860 TO	-.060	0
-.855 TO	-.055	75
-.850 TO	-.050	146
-.845 TO	-.045	170
-.840 TO	-.040	164
-.835 TO	-.035	190
-.830 TO	-.030	209
-.825 TO	-.025	240
-.820 TO	-.020	241
-.815 TO	-.015	246
-.810 TO	-.010	255
-.805 TO	-.005	258
-.800 TO	.000	259
-.795 TO	.005	280
-.790 TO	.010	271
-.785 TO	.015	266
-.780 TO	.020	238
-.775 TO	.025	250
-.770 TO	.030	261
-.765 TO	.035	221
-.760 TO	.040	214
-.755 TO	.045	208
-.750 TO	.050	146
-.745 TO	.055	126
-.740 TO	.060	66
-.735 TO	.065	0
-.730 TO	.070	0
-.725 TO	.075	0
-.720 TO	.080	0
-.715 TO	.085	0
-.710 TO	.090	0
-.705 TO	.095	0
-.700 TO	.100	0

CENTER = .000 RMS HALF WIDTH = .030

NO 1 OF X IN IN 0.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

BEAM B

SOURCE DISTR., HORIZ.

FIG 15

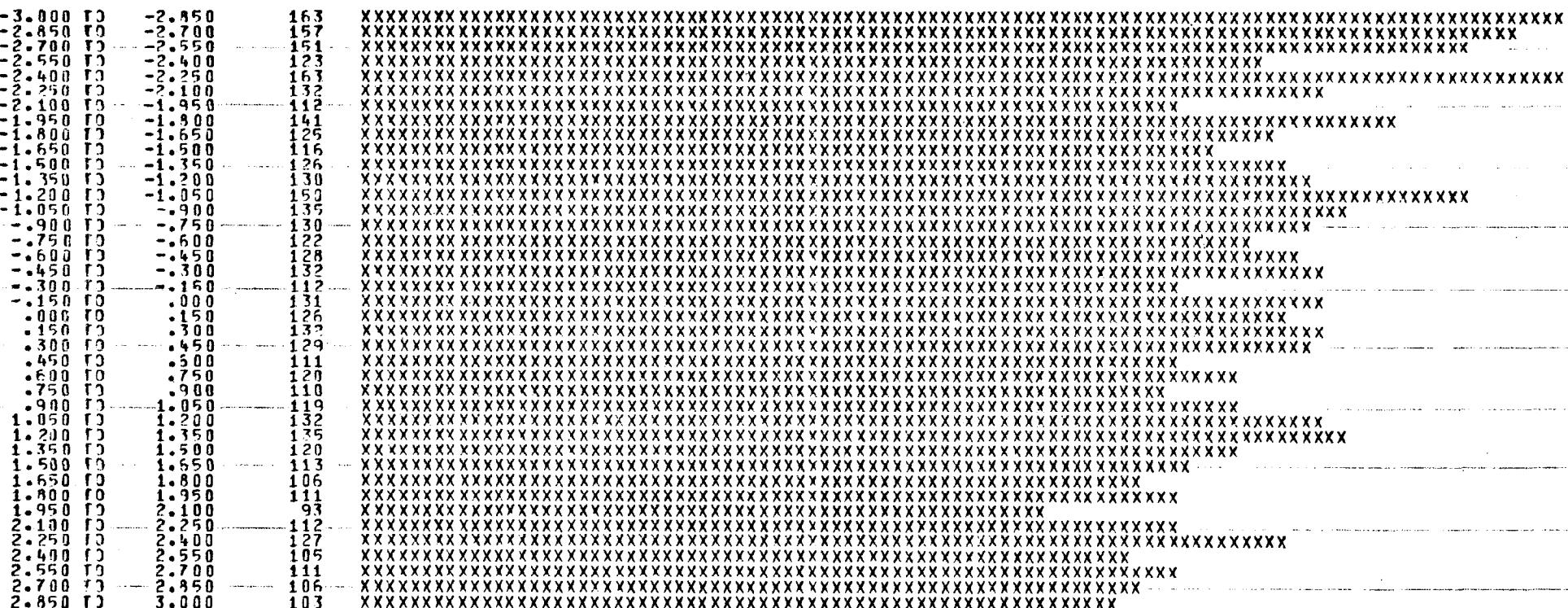
**BEAM B
 SOURCE MOM. DISTR.**

THE FOLLOWING IS A HISTOGRAM OF DP/P FOR 5000 RAYS

INTERVAL

SCALE FACTOR: 100 X's EQUAL 163 RAYS

LESS THAN -3.800 0



GREATER THAN 3.000 0

CENTER = -.158 RMS HALF WIDTH = 1.733

NO 3 OF DP/P IN PC 0.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

FIG 16

BEAM B

X VS ΔP/P AT MOM.

SLIT

TWO-DIMENSIONAL PLOT OF DP/P VS X

TOTAL NUMBER OF ENTRIES = 3151 INCLUDING UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW AS FOLLOWS:

	UNDERFLOW	OVERFLOW
ACROSS	0	0
DOWN	0	0

NO 17 TWO DIMENSIONAL PLOT OF
X IN IN 729.500 FT FROM THE TARGET
DP/P IN PC 729.500 FT FROM THE TARGET

FIG 17

THE FOLLOWING IS A HISTOGRAM OF X FOR 199 RAYS

INTERVAL	X	LESS THAN
-1.000 TO -1.000	-1.000	0
-950 TO -950	-950	0
-900 TO -900	-900	0
-850 TO -850	-850	0
-800 TO -800	-800	0
-750 TO -750	-750	0
-700 TO -700	-700	0
-650 TO -650	-650	0
-600 TO -600	-600	0
-550 TO -550	-550	0
-500 TO -500	-500	0
-450 TO -450	-450	0
-400 TO -400	-400	0
-350 TO -350	-350	0
-300 TO -300	-300	0
-250 TO -250	-250	0
-200 TO -200	-200	0
-150 TO -150	-150	0
-100 TO -100	-100	0
-50 TO -50	-50	0
0 TO 0	0	97
0 TO 0	0	102
50 TO 50	50	100
100 TO 100	100	0
150 TO 150	150	0
200 TO 200	200	0
250 TO 250	250	0
300 TO 300	300	0
350 TO 350	350	0
400 TO 400	400	0
450 TO 450	450	0
500 TO 500	500	0
550 TO 550	550	0
600 TO 600	600	0
650 TO 650	650	0
700 TO 700	700	0
750 TO 750	750	0
800 TO 800	800	0
850 TO 850	850	0
900 TO 900	900	0
950 TO 950	950	0
GREATER THAN 1.000	1.000	0

SCALE FACTOR: 100 X++S EQUAL 102 RAYS

BEAM B
HORIZ. DISTR.
AT EXP.

CENTER = .001 RMS HALF WIDTH = .020

NO 35 OF X IN IN - 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

FIG 18

THE FOLLOWING IS A HISTOGRAM OF Y FOR 199 RAYS

INTERVAL SCALE FACTOR 100 X++S EQUAL 57 RAYS

LESS THAN -1.000 0

-1.000	T0	-.950	0
-.950	T0	-.900	0
-.900	T0	-.850	0
-.850	T0	-.800	0
-.800	T0	-.750	0
-.750	T0	-.700	0
-.700	T0	-.650	0
-.650	T0	-.500	0
-.500	T0	-.550	0
-.550	T0	-.500	0
-.500	T0	-.450	0
-.450	T0	-.400	0
-.400	T0	-.350	0
-.350	T0	-.300	0
-.300	T0	-.250	0
-.250	T0	-.200	0
-.200	T0	-.150	1
-.150	T0	-.100	11
-.100	T0	-.050	31
-.050	T0	.000	56
.000	T0	.050	57
.050	T0	.100	37
.100	T0	.150	5
.150	T0	.200	1
.200	T0	.250	0
.250	T0	.300	0
.300	T0	.350	0
.350	T0	.400	0
.400	T0	.450	0
.450	T0	.500	0
.500	T0	.550	0
.550	T0	.600	0
.600	T0	.650	0
.650	T0	.700	0
.700	T0	.750	0
.750	T0	.800	0
.800	T0	.850	0
.850	T0	.900	0
.900	T0	.950	0
.950	T0	1.000	0

GREATER THAN 1.000 0

CENTER = -.002 RMS HALF WIDTH = .060

3 36 OF Y IN IN 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

BEAM B
VERT DISTR. AT EXP

FIG 19

THE FOLLOWING IS A HISTOGRAM OF DP/P FOR 199 RAYS

BEAM B

MOM. DISTR. AT

EXP.

INTERVAL	SCALE FACTOR: 100 X++S EQUAL	72 RAYS
LESS-THAN -3.000	-3.000	0
-2.850 TO -2.700	-2.850	0
-2.700 TO -2.550	-2.700	0
-2.550 TO -2.400	-2.550	0
-2.400 TO -2.250	-2.400	0
-2.250 TO -2.100	-2.250	0
-2.100 TO -1.950	-2.100	0
-1.950 TO -1.800	-1.950	0
-1.800 TO -1.650	-1.800	0
-1.650 TO -1.500	-1.650	0
-1.500 TO -1.350	-1.500	0
-1.350 TO -1.200	-1.350	0
-1.200 TO -1.050	-1.200	0
-1.050 TO -900	-1.050	0
-900 TO -750	-900	0
-750 TO -600	-750	0
-600 TO -450	-600	0
-450 TO -300	-450	1
-300 TO -150	-300	25
-150 TO .000	-150	72
.000 TO .150	.000	72
.150 TO .300	.150	28
.300 TO .450	.300	4
.450 TO .600	.450	4
.600 TO .750	.600	0
.750 TO .900	.750	0
.900 TO 1.050	.900	0
1.050 TO 1.200	1.050	0
1.200 TO 1.350	1.200	0
1.350 TO 1.500	1.350	0
1.500 TO 1.650	1.500	0
1.650 TO 1.800	1.650	0
1.800 TO 1.950	1.800	0
1.950 TO 2.100	1.950	0
2.100 TO 2.250	2.100	0
2.250 TO 2.400	2.250	0
2.400 TO 2.550	2.400	0
2.550 TO 2.700	2.550	0
2.700 TO 2.850	2.700	0
2.850 TO 3.000	2.850	0
GREATER THAN 3.000	3.000	0
CENTER =	.005	RMS HALF WIDTH = .140

NO 37 OF DP/P IN PC 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

FIG 20

TWO-DIMENSIONAL PLOT OF OP/R VS. X

BEAM B

X VS ΔP/P AT EXP.

TOTAL NUMBER OF ENTRIES = 199 INCLUDING UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW AS FOLLOWS

	UNDERFLOW	OVERFLOW
ACROSS	0	0
DOWN	0	0

NO. 38 TWO DIMENSIONAL PLOT OF
X IN IN 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET
DP/P IN PC 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

FIG 21

TWO-DIMENSIONAL PLOT OF DP/P VS ____ Y

BEAM B

γ VS $\Delta P/P$ AT EXP-

TOTAL NUMBER OF ENTRIES = 199 INCLUDING UNDERFLOW AND OVERFLOW AS FOLLOWS

	UNDERFLOW	OVERFLOW
ACROSS	0	0
DOWN	0	0

NO 39 TWO DIMENSIONAL PLOT OF
Y IN IN 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET
DP/P IN PC 1573.000 FT FROM THE TARGET

FIG 22