

## Pulsed Magnetic Field Measurement on Main Accelerator Extraction Magnets

K.P. Kaczar, D. Krause and R. Yamada  
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On November 13 and 14, 1974, a C-type and an H-type magnet were measured for their integrated field values well above the 500-GeV level. In July 1974, these same magnets were measured in a DC mode up to the 400-GeV level. Due to high field and consequently high current required, a Tektronix Digital Processing Oscilloscope (DPO), and a PDP-11/05 were used to take ramp data.

### Setup

The  $\int B dl$  measurement was made using one turn of 4-mil tungsten wire (with an effective width of 5.004") separated by precision glass spaces. The wire tension was set at 1 kg on each half of the loop. The test set-up is shown in Fig. 1. The sketched wire holders were positioned about 30 inches beyond the ends of the magnet in order to clear the fringe field. The holders were aligned by sight only, due to the relative flatness of the field.

The output of the stretched wire search coil was fed into an integrator. This search coil and integrator system is the same one which was used for the previous mode measurement.

### Procedure

The output of the integrator was connected into the y-axis of the Tektronix Digital Processing Oscilloscope. The output of the current transductor was connected to the x-axis of the same scope.

It was essential to use differential input amplifiers for both axes to reduce noises. The used equipment is listed in Table I with a list of magnet parameters.

The magnets were powered by a Trans-Rex power supply ramped up to approximately 2600 amps in 5.88 sec. The current waveform is shown in Fig. 2. This ramp was slow enough to provide a low current slew rate allowing the field to follow the current closely, while at the same time it is fast enough to avoid excessive heating of the magnet. The current from the power supply was measured using the internal current transductor which is very accurate.

Data

Measurements of integrated field values were made at  $x = 0.0"$  and  $x = \pm 0.350"$  on both magnets at  $y = 0.0"$ .

The output voltage of the integrated field value  $\int B dl$  and the current value  $I$  were input into  $y$  and  $x$  axis of the DPO respectively. The input data were stored in the DPO, and processed by a BASIC program in the PDP-11. The program listing is shown in Table II.

The integrated field values are listed in Tables III and IV and their computer displays are shown in Figs. 3 and 4 for C-type and H-type magnets. These data were averaged over four runs, and interpolated over the five nearest consecutive pairs of data, using the on-line program listed.

The C-type magnet shows an ever increasing quadrupole term above 1400 A. This is mainly due to the saturation of the pole tips.

The H-type magnet shows a field shape, which is low at the center compared to the data at  $\pm 0.35"$ , up to 1800A. This is mainly due to the shimming of pole pieces. Above 2000A the center values at  $x = 0.0"$  are higher than the others. This may be due to the saturation

at the end. The detailed behavior of the difference is shown in Figs. 5 and 6, which is also processed by the on-line program. The minus side shows a bigger difference above 2000A of about a factor 2 over the plus side, which is due to the saturation of the pole piece.

Table I

Magnet Parameters

|                         |          |         |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Magnet                  | C-type   | H-type  |
| Physical Length         | 125.875" | 126.0"  |
| Gap                     | 0.650"   | 0.625"  |
| Turns                   | 8        | 12      |
| Resistance              |          |         |
| to core                 | 300 KΩ   | ∞       |
| *L <sub>s</sub> @ 1 kHz | .542 mh  | 1.94 mh |
| *Q @                    | 2.3      | 3.35    |
| D.C. Resistance         | 31.5 mΩ  | 14.5 mΩ |

\*from GR 1650-B Impedance Bridge NAL #7139

Equipment Used:

|                                |                    |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1-Tektronix DPO                | NAL #16211         |
| 1-Tektronix 7A13               |                    |
| Differential Comparator        | NAL #16144         |
| 1-Tektronix 7A22               |                    |
| Differential Amplifier         | NAL #16214         |
| 1-PDP 11/05 Computer           | NAL #16216         |
| w/tu-60 Casette Drive          |                    |
| 1-Tektronix 4010-1             |                    |
| CRT Terminal                   | NAL #13637         |
| 1-Tektronix 4610               |                    |
| Hard copy unit                 | NAL #16215         |
| 1-Krohn-Nite 5300              |                    |
| Function Generator             | NAL #15042         |
| 1-Trans-Rex 500-5              |                    |
| Power Supply                   | NAL #11547         |
| 1-Integrator #4-MOD 1          | Property of        |
| (c = 0.1 mf)                   | Magnet Measurement |
| 1 turn tungsten wire           | 0.004"             |
| 2-Glass spacers                | 0.500 ±0.001"      |
| 2-Setco x-y Positioning tables | #87172 and #87171  |
| (Type Pl-Model 100)            |                    |

## Table II Program Listing

0526.000

REMARK DPO TEK BASIC (CASSETTE) V01-01

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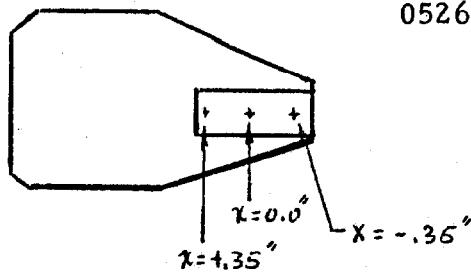
10 DIMENSION BI(511)
11 DIMENSION BAK(11)
12 DIMENSION XP(511)
13 DIMENSION XZ(511)
14 DIMENSION XM(511)
15 FOR I=0 TO 511
16 LET XZ(I)=0.00
17 LET XP(I)=0.00
18 LET XM(I)=0.00
19 NEXT I
20 PRINT "A~E~L"
21 PRINT "TYPE IN X-COORDINATE OF PROBE WHERE DATA WAS TAKEN."
22 INPUT X
23 PRINT "A~E~L"
24 LET J=0
25 LET A=PA
26 LET B=PB
27 LET C=PC
28 LET D=PD
29 LET BI=(A+B+C+D)/4.00
30 LET BI=BI*7.984
31 PRINT "BI(0)=",BI(0)
32 WAIT
33 PRINT "A~E~L"
34 FOR I=1 TO 511
35 LET BI(I)=BI(I)-BI(0)
36 NEXT I
37 LET BI(0)=0.00
38 FOR I=40 TO 491 STEP 41
39 LET BU=(BI(I-1)+BI(I+1))/2.00
40 LET BW=(BI(I-2)+BI(I+2))/2.00
41 LET BX=(BI(I-3)+BI(I+3))/2.00
42 LET BY=(BI(I-4)+BI(I+4))/2.00
43 LET BZ=(BI(I-5)+BI(I+5))/2.00
44 LET BAK(J)=(BU+BW+BX+BY+BZ)/5.00
45 LET J=J+1
46 NEXT I
47 PRINT "A~E~L"
48 PRINT "H MAGNET"
49 PRINT "NOV. 14, 1974"
50 PRINT "PROBE POSITIONED AT X=",X
51 PRINT " "
52 PRINT " "
53 LET J=0
54 FOR I=40 TO 491 STEP 41
55 PRINT " "
56 LET K=(J+1)*200
57 PRINT "I=",J," AMPS", "AVERAGE B=",BI(I), "INTERPOLATED B=",BAK(J)
58 LET J=J+1
59 NEXT I
60 PRINT "A~E~H~A~L"
61 PRINT "A~E~L"
62 PRINT BI
63 WAIT
64 LET A=BI
65 LET PA=A
66 PRINT "A~E~L"
67 GRAPH PA:PRINT "A~E~H~A~L"

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370 IF X>0.0 THEN GOTO 430
375 IF X<0.00 THEN GOTO 420
380 IF XZ(511)=0.00 THEN GOTO 410
390 LET XZ=(XZ+BI)/2.0
400 GOTO 20
410 LET XZ=BI
420 GOTO 20
430 IF XP(511)=0.00 THEN GOTO 460
440 LET XP=(XP+BI)/2.00
450 GOTO 20
460 LET XP=BI
470 GOTO 20
480 IF XM(511)=0.00 THEN GOTO 510
490 LET XM=(XM+BI)/2.0
500 GOTO 20
510 LET XM=BI
520 GOTO 20
530 STOP
550 LET B=XZ-XP
560 LET PB=B
565 PRINT "^\A\L"
570 PRINT "B FIELD AT ZERO MINUS B FIELD AT PLUS SIDE"
580 GRAPH PB:PRINT "^\A\W\A\L"
590 LET C=XZ-XM
600 LET PC=C
625 PRINT "^\A\L"
610 PRINT "B FIELD AT ZERO MINUS B FIELD AT MINUS SIDE."
620 GRAPH PC:PRINT "^\A\W\A\L"
625 FOR I=0 TO 10
628 PRINT "^\A\L"
630 INTEGRATE B,PA
635 DIFFERENTIATE A,PB,3
642 PRINT "RESPOND '0' FOR MORE SMOOTHING; ELSE TYPE '1'"
643 GRAPH PB
645 INPUT RQ
650 IF RQ=1 THEN GOTO 650
655 NEXT I
660 GRAPH PB
661 PRINT "^\A\W\A\L"
662 FOR I=0 TO 10
663 INTEGRATE C,PD
665 DIFFERENTIATE D,PC,3
666 PRINT "^\A\L"
670 PRINT "RESPOND '0' FOR MORE SMOOTHING; ELSE TYPE '1'"
672 GRAPH PC
675 INPUT RS
680 IF RS=1 THEN GOTO 680
685 NEXT I
688 GRAPH PC
693 PRINT "^\A\W\A\L"
690 STOP
```

READY

\*



C Magnet

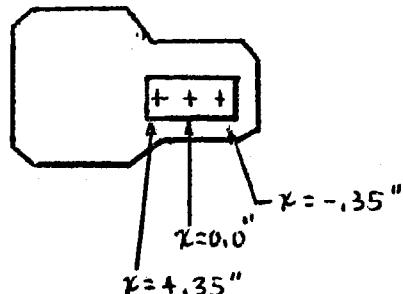
I  $\int B dl$  (kG-m)  
(Amp)

|      | $x = -0.35"$ | $x = 0.0"$ | $x = +0.35"$ |
|------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| 200  | 3.88         | 3.86       | 3.85         |
| 400  | 7.80         | 7.88       | 7.83         |
| 600  | 11.78        | 11.82      | 11.83        |
| 800  | 15.68        | 15.75      | 15.74        |
| 1000 | 19.59        | 19.67      | 19.68        |
| 1200 | 23.46        | 23.55      | 23.59        |
| 1400 | 27.12        | 27.23      | 27.34        |
| 1600 | 30.30        | 30.49      | 30.75        |
| 1800 | 33.07        | 33.40      | 33.82        |
| 2000 | 35.71        | 36.09      | 36.72        |
| 2200 | 38.14        | 38.59      | 39.40        |
| 2400 | 40.39        | 40.89      | 41.83        |

Table III Integrated Field Values for C-Type Magnet

H Magnet

I               $\int BdI$  (kG-m)  
(Amp)



|      | $x = -0.35"$ | $x = 0.0"$ | $x = +0.35"$ |
|------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| 200  | 6.12         | 6.02       | 6.15         |
| 400  | 12.33        | 12.14      | 12.33        |
| 600  | 18.48        | 18.35      | 18.47        |
| 800  | 24.68        | 24.50      | 24.65        |
| 1000 | 30.83        | 30.74      | 30.82        |
| 1200 | 36.99        | 36.83      | 36.96        |
| 1400 | 42.67        | 42.57      | 42.62        |
| 1600 | 47.54        | 47.43      | 47.48        |
| 1800 | 51.63        | 51.61      | 51.66        |
| 2000 | 55.16        | 55.22      | 55.17        |
| 2200 | 58.11        | 58.25      | 58.17        |
| 2400 | 60.50        | 60.72      | 60.16        |

Table IV Integrated Field Values for H-type Magnet

Fig. 1 TEST SET-UP

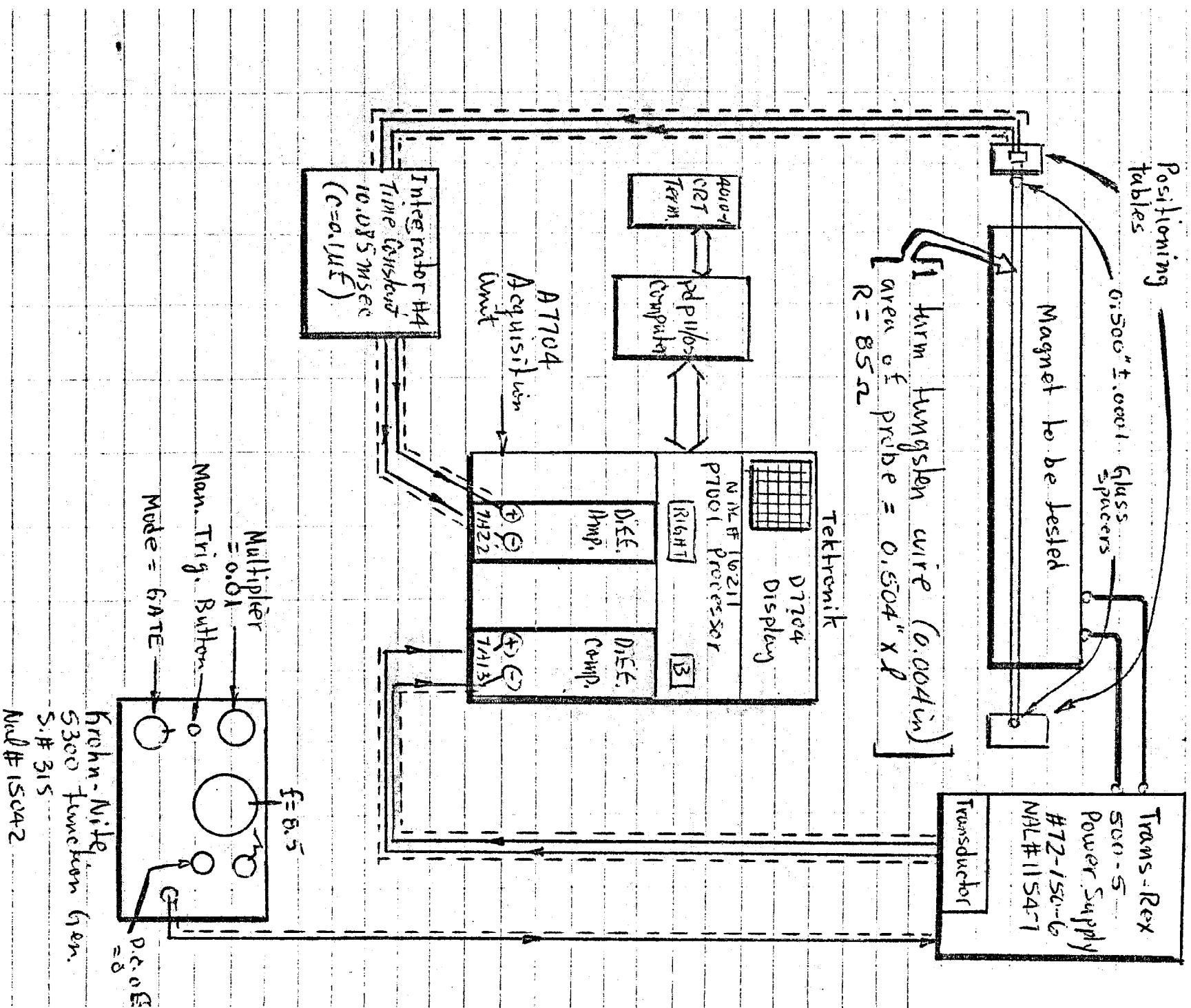
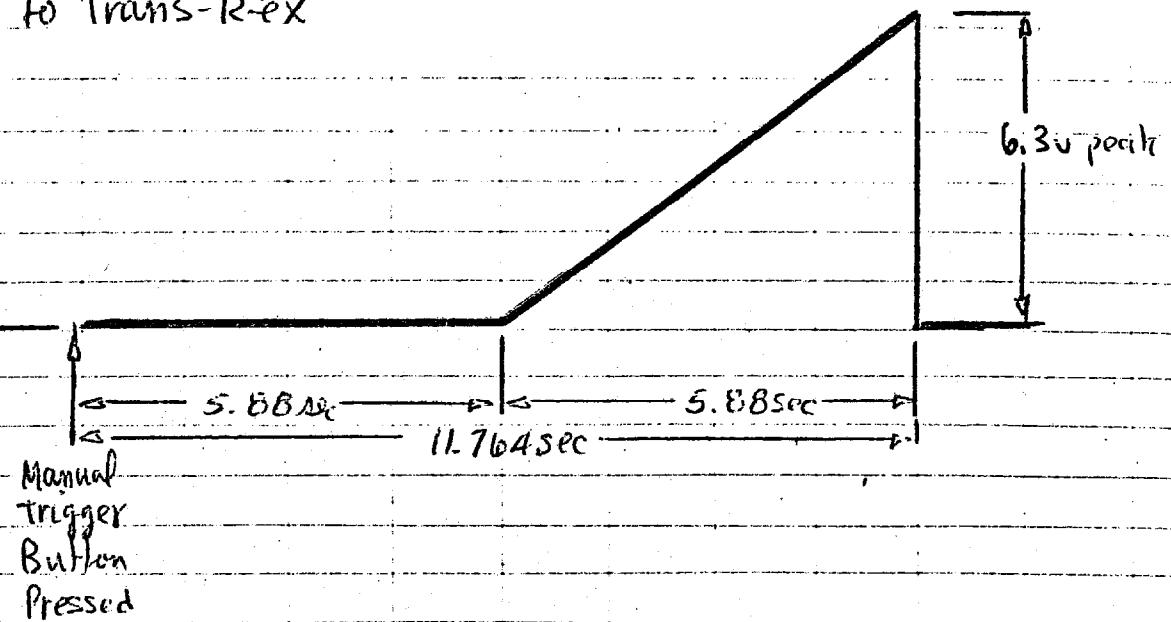
TM-569  
0526.000

Fig. 2 Current Wave-Form & Plug-In's

Output waveform from  
Function generator  
to Trans-Rex



### PLUG-IN Detail)

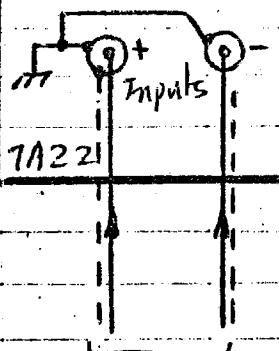
#### DIFFERENTIAL AMP

NAL# 16214

Volts/Div = 1 ← C Magnet  
2 ← H Magnet

H.F. 3dB point = 0.1 KHz  
L.F. 3dB point = DC.

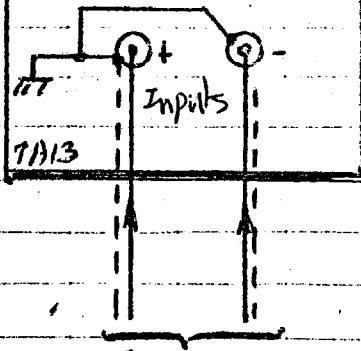
D.C. Mode



#### DIFFERENTIAL COMP.

NAL# 16140

Volts/Div = 0.5  
Comparison voltage  
(Vc) = 0.001  
B.W. = 5 MHz  
D.C. Coupled



C-type Magnet

0526.000

\*GRA PA

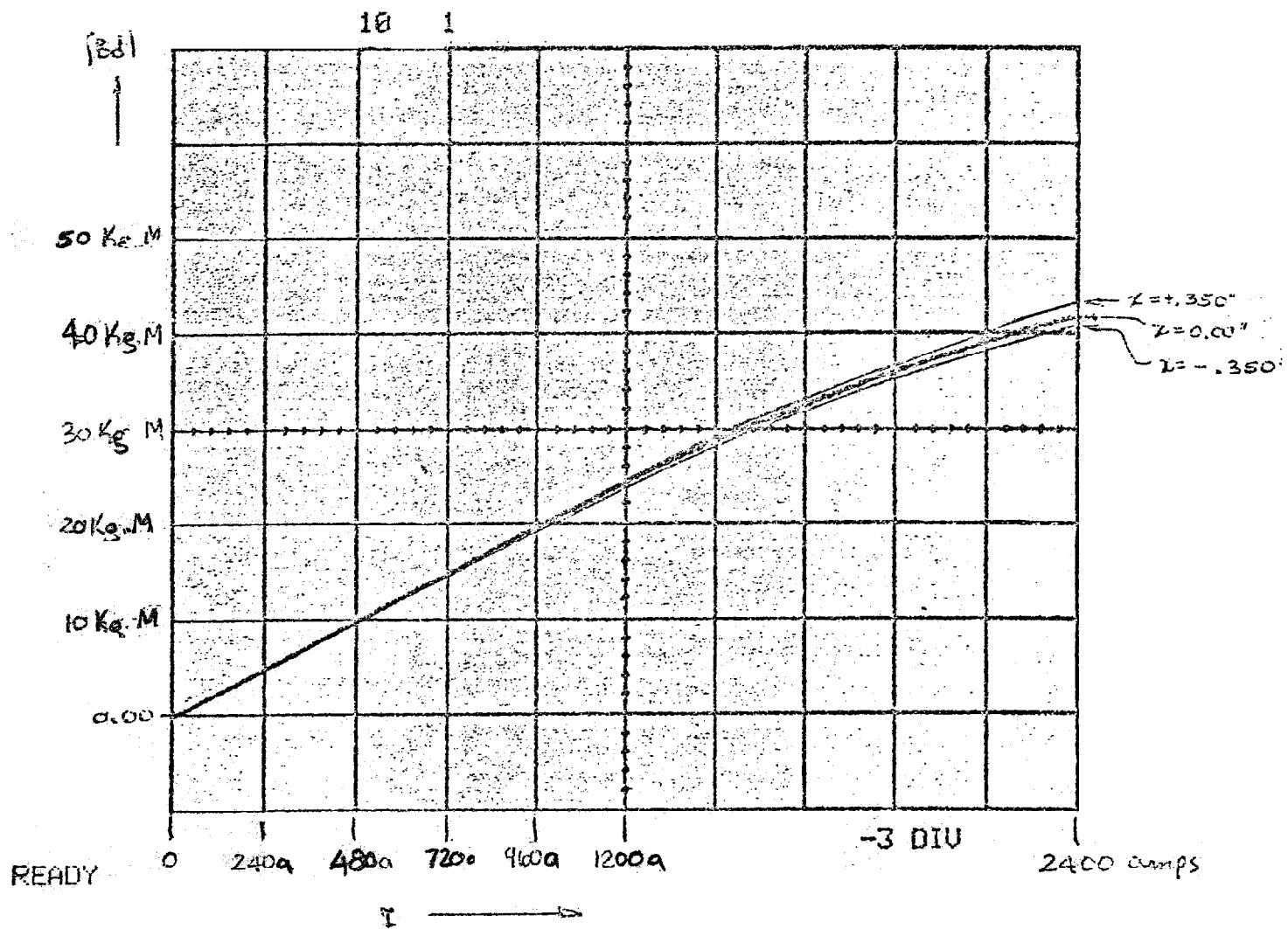


Fig 3. Excitation Curves of C-type Magnet  
for Integrated Field Value

H-type Magnet

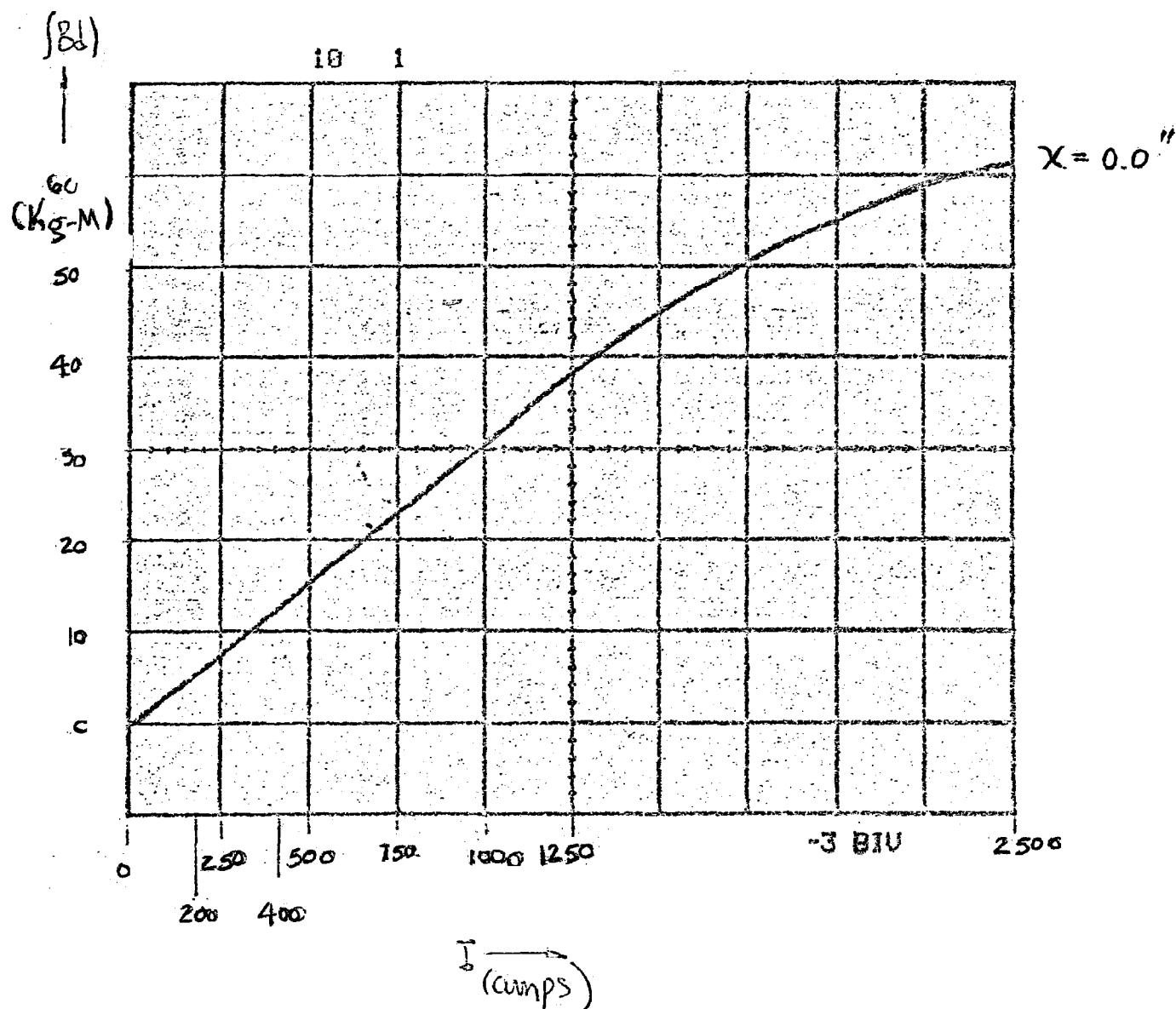


Fig 4 Excitation Curve of H-type Magnet  
for Integrated Field Value

B field @ zero - B field @ plus side  
 (Smoothed)

Differentiation factor =  $2^3$

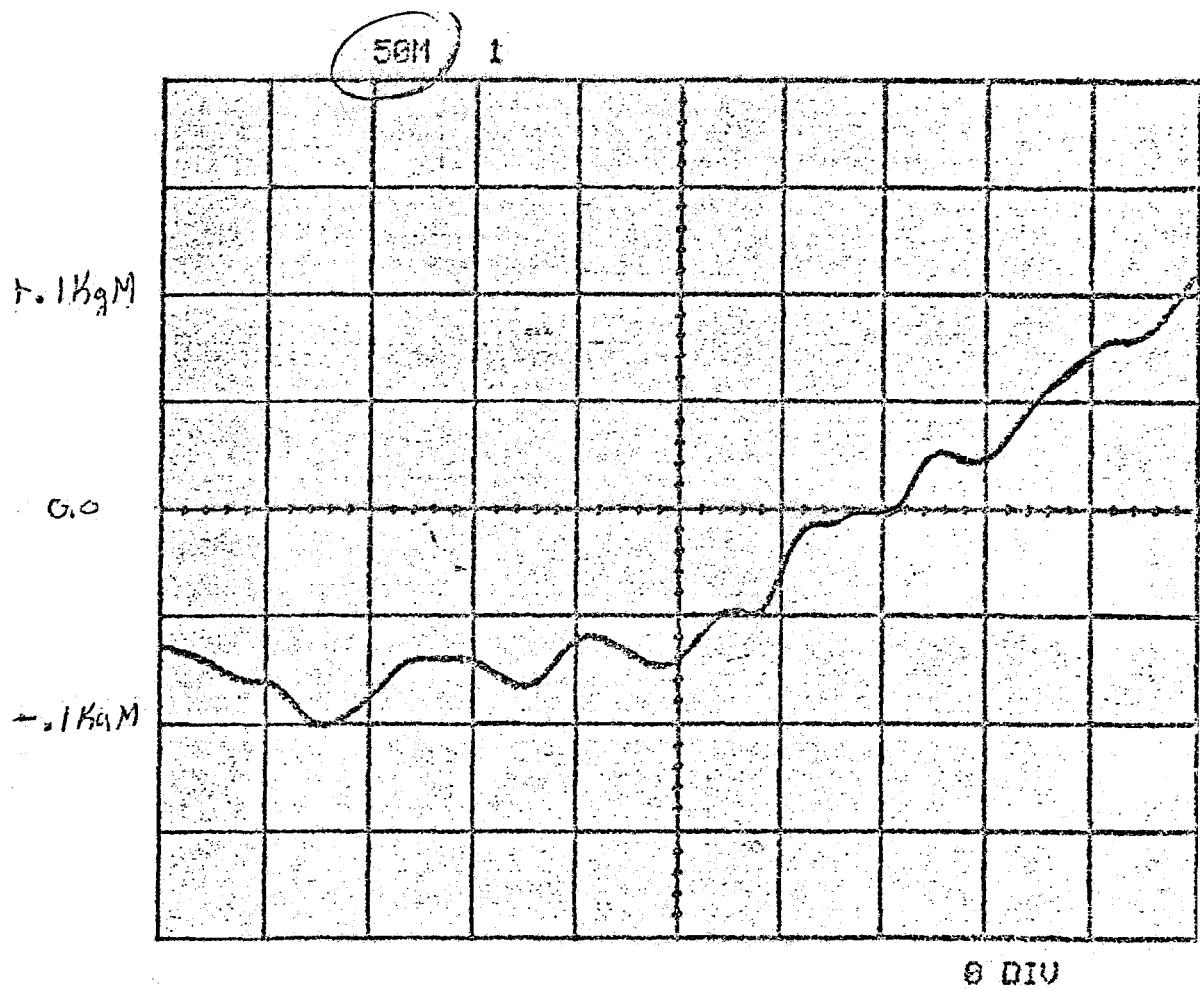


Fig 5 Difference of Integrated Field Values  
 between  $x = 0.0$ " and  $+0.35$ "

B field @ zero - B field @ minus side  
(smoothed)

differentiation factor =  $z^3$

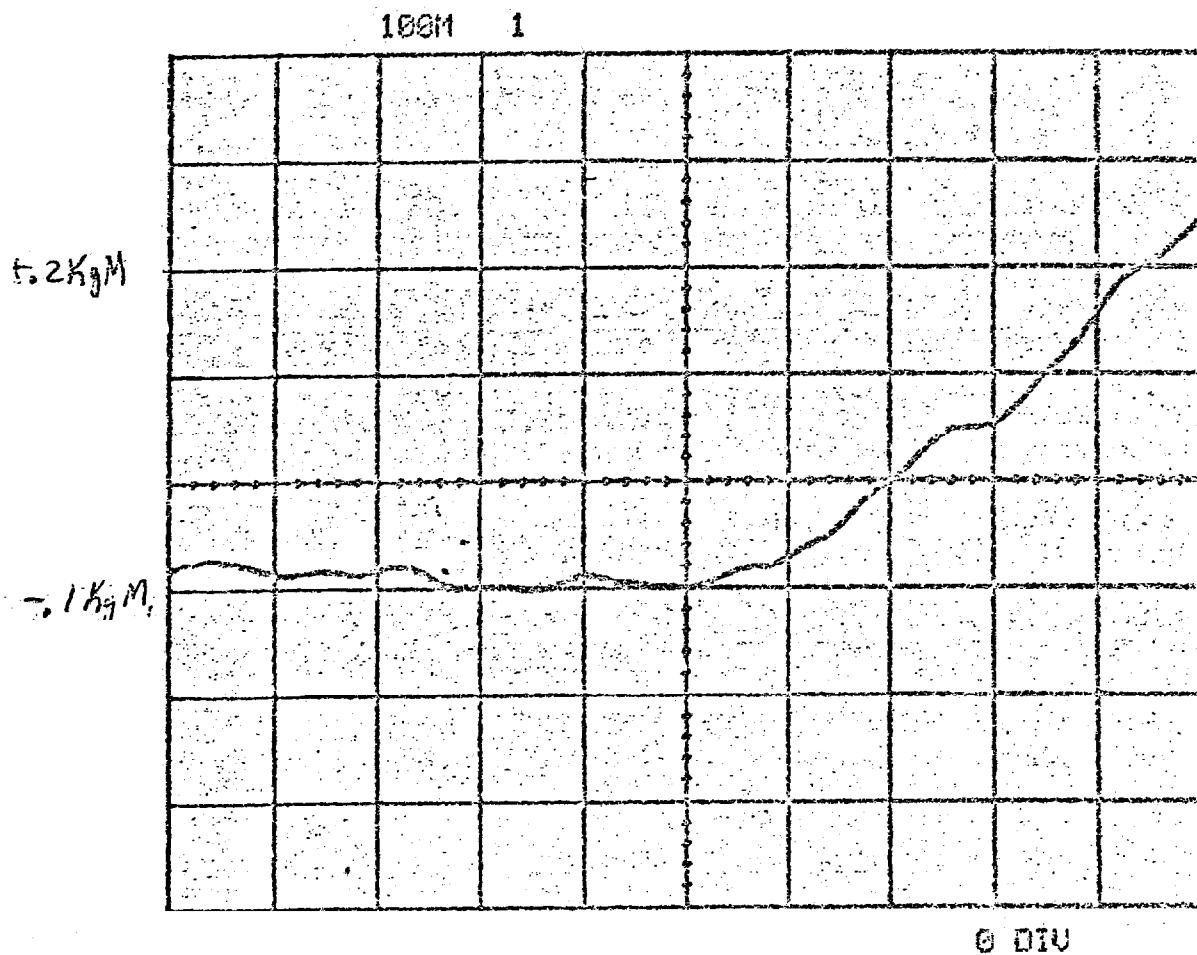


Fig 6. Difference of Integrated Field Values  
between  $X = 0.0''$  and  $X = -0.35''$